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Dear Members of the Committee,

Thank you for allowing me this opportunity to present testimony in favor of HB 3184, which encourages the adoption of victim-offender mediation, an effective practice that holds individuals accountable for their actions while facilitating meaningful resolution for victims, the community, and the individual responsible for the crime.

VICTIM-OFFENDER MEDIATION WILL REDUCE RECIDIVISM AND RELIEVE THE BURDEN ON COUNTY COURT DOCKETS AND JAILS

- Victim-offender mediation is an effective restorative justice practice that has produced successful results in many states.¹ These high success rates are realized because participants are required to take responsibility for their conduct and are then given a chance to understand how their actions directly impact others. This, in turn, reduces the likelihood that they will commit another crime.
- HB 3184 will allow individuals with no serious criminal history who have been charged with a misdemeanor or state jail felony property offense under Title 7 of the Penal Code to be eligible to participate in pretrial mediation. Rather than be convicted and potentially jailed, individuals meeting specific criteria could participate in a mediation program requiring them to issue an apology and provide compensation and/or community service to redress their actions.

KEY FINDINGS

- It costs, on average, more than \$61 per day to house someone in county jail in Texas.² As of March 1, 2015, there were more than 5,600 individuals in county jail awaiting trial or indictment for misdemeanor offenses and more than 5,900 for state jail felonies.³ While the average jail population may vary, counties spent more than \$700,000 on that day to hold these individuals in custody awaiting trial or indictment. Pretrial diversion can save counties millions of dollars that could be used to address more serious problems.
- A widely studied practice, victim-offender mediation reduces recidivism and is cost-effective. One study examining 27 victim-offender mediation programs in North America found that 72% lowered recidivism.⁴

COST-SAVING AND PUBLIC SAFETY-DRIVEN SOLUTION: SUPPORT HB 3184 BY MCCLENDON & KEOUGH

- HB 3184 creates an opportunity for pretrial defendants charged with nonviolent property offenses to enter structured victim-offender mediation, in which the charged individual must successfully complete terms of the mediation agreement, based on input from the victim, including compensation and/or community service. This is a meaningful response to low-level property crime that improves victim satisfaction, lowers recidivism, and reduces jail overcrowding.
- **HB 3184 allows victims to be a part of the process of developing treatment recommendations**, including chemical dependency treatment and anger management.
- HB 3184 provides additional incentives for successful fulfillment of mediation agreements. One year after a person successfully completes the terms of the agreement, the defendant may motion the court to obtain an order of non-disclosure regarding the offense for which he or she entered into mediation.

Citations on reverse.

Citations

¹ Restorative justice methods have garnered a great deal of attention after the New York Times published an article on a high profile case in which this type of victim-offender mediation was employed. *See* Paul Tullis, "Can Forgiveness Play a Role in Criminal Justice," New York Times, 4 January 2013, available at

http://www.nytimes.com/2013/01/06/magazine/can-forgiveness-play-a-role-in-criminal-justice.html?pagewanted=all& r=0.

² Texas Commission on Jail Standards, Immigration Detainer Report 3/1/2015, <u>http://www.tcjs.state.tx.us/docs/ImmigrationDetainerReportCurrent.pdf</u>

³ Texas Commission on Jail Standards, Abbreviated Population Report for 3/1/2015, http://www.tcjs.state.tx.us/docs/AbbreRptCurrent.pdf

⁴ Latimer, Dowden & Muise, The Effectiveness of Restorative Justice Practices: A Meta-Analysis, 2000.